ALLEN BRADLEY 1756-L55M22 DATASHEET

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CAMBIA GROUP 2018/12/12



ControlLogix Controller Revision 15

Catalog Numbers 1756-L55, 1756-L55M12, 1756-L55M13, 1756-L55M14, 1756-L66M16, 1756-L55M22, 1756-L55M23, 1756-L55M24, 1756-L61, 1756-L62, 1756-L63, 1756-L60M03SE

IMPORTANT

- Do not use this revision of firmware in a redundant controller system (ControlLogix Redundancy system).
 - If you have a 1756-L55 controller, you must install a memory board. For more information, see the ControlLogix Controller and Memory Board Installation Instructions, publication 1756-IN101.

These release notes correspond to the following controllers.

Controller	Catalog Number
ControlLogix 5555	1756-L55, 1756-L55M <i>xx</i>
ControlLogix 5561	1756-L61
ControlLogix 5562	1756-L62
ControlLogix 5563	1756-L63
ControlLogix 5560M03SE	1756-L60M03SE



When reviewing this release note, keep in mind that the minor revision may be different depending on what controller you are updating. Each of the sections are organized in table format that lists the catalog number of the product, firmware revision effected, item, and description.

Use These Release Notes

Compatible Revisions of Software

To use this controller revision, update your system to these software revision levels or later.

To This Revision or Later
2.43 3.00
15.00
5.11
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Before You Update Your System

Before you update your controller to this revision, do the following preliminary actions.

lf	Then	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
Your controller is at revision 11 firmware or earlier	You must first update to revision 12 or 13 before attempting to update to revision 15.4. Once you have your controller updated to revision 12 or 13 then you can update the controller to revision 15.4.		
Your controller meets both of these conditions:	Take these precautions.	Inen	
 It has nonvolatile memory. It is currently at revision 11.<i>x</i> or earlier. 	Does Not Use a CompactFlash Card Uses a CompactFlash Card	Save the project to an offline file. When you update the firmware of the controller, you erase the contents of the nonvolatile memory (revision 10. <i>x</i> or later). Remove the CompactFlash card from the controller or check the Load Image option of the CompactFlash card. If it is set to On Power Up or On Corrupt Memory, first store the project with the Load Image option set to User Initiated. Otherwise, you may get a major fault when you update the firmware of the controller. This occurs because the On Power Up or On Corrupt Memory options cause the controller to load the project from nonvolatile memory. The firmware mismatch after the load then causes a major fault.	
Your controller is close to its limits of memory	 This revision may require more memory than previous revisions. To see what components of your current project require more memory, see page 13 RSLogix 5000 software revision 13.0 or later lets you estimate the memory requirements of the controller offline. To update to this revision, you may have to add an expansion memory card to the controller or use a larger memory card. 		
Your controller is connected to a DH-485 network	Disconnect it from the DH-485 network before you update the firmware of the controller. If you update the firmware of a controller while it is connected to a DH-485 network, communication on the network may stop.		

Known Anomaly

The following catalog numbers and corresponding firmware revision have this known anomaly.

Catalog Number	Firmware Revision	Anomaly	Description
1756-L55, 1756-L55M12, 1756-L55M13, 1756-L55M14, 1756-L66M16, 1756-L55M22, 1756-L55M23, 1756-L55M24, 1756-L61, 1756-L61, 1756-L62, 1756-L63, 1756-L60M03SE	15.0, 15.3, 15.4, and 15.5	LimitsInv and SelectLimitInv are swapped.	In the High/Low Limit (HLL) instruction: LimitsInv parameter is set when the SelectLimit is invalid. SelectLimitInv parameter is set when the HighLimit and LowLimit parameters are invalid. Lgx00055977

Corrected Anomalies

The following catalog numbers and corresponding firmware revision contain this corrected anomaly.

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Catalog Number	Firmware Revision	Corrected Anomaly	Description
1756-L60M03SE	15.5	SERCON816 ASIC chip	A SERCOS interface module ring drop and service channel issue was identified as a result of an anomaly occurring in the SERCON816 ASIC chip.
1756-L55	15.5	Non-recoverable major fault	The 1756-L55 controllers experience a non-recoverable major fault in approximately 34 months of continuous operation. Continuous operation is defined as the controller being powered up; the mode of the controller (program, run, remote) does not matter. This was caused by a background diagnostic test completion.
1756-L55, 1756-L55M12, 1756-L55M13, 1756-L55M14,	15.4	The Batch recipe became inoperative.	If two PXRQ instructions that had been triggered on the same phase were received by the batch server before the first PXRQ completes the batch recipe became inoperative. Lgx00056918
1756-L66M16, 1756-L55M22, 1756-L55M23, 1756-L55M24, 1756-L61, 1756-L62, 1756-L63, 1756-L63,	15.4	CompactFlash LED indicator	When accessing the CompactFlash card the CF LED indicator did not operate as expected. Lgx00045715

Catalog Number	Firmware Revision	Corrected Anomaly	Description
1756-L55, 1756-L55M12, 1756-L55M13, 1756-L55M14, 1756-L66M16, 1756-L55M22, 1756-L55M23, 1756-L55M24, 1756-L55M24, 1756-L61, 1756-L62,	15.4	RSLogix 5000 software reported that POINT I/O connections were not scheduled even though they were scheduled and working on the network.	After associating the RSNetWorx for ControlNet file in RSLogix 5000 software and scheduling the network, RSLogix 5000 software displayed an error while trying to save the configuration. The error stated that the POINT I/O connections were not scheduled even though they clearly were and working properly on the network. If you made changes to the program that didn't involve ControlNet changes, and then downloaded, you had to reschedule the ControlNet network. The work around was to remove the association before you saved. Revision 15.4 removes the need for this work around. Lgx00058517
1756-L63, 1756-L60M03SE	15.4	PXRQ Instruction sometimes stayed in process and did not complete.	When executing phase request messages to a batch server, the PXRQ instruction would sometimes stay in process (IP bit set) and never complete. The same scenario could have occurred if the user took ownership of a phase from Logix5000 software while a PXRQ instruction was in process. The only recovery method was to transition from program to run or to cycle power to the controller.
	15.4	Executing PXRQ instruction through manual phase control could have caused loss of controller communication.	If the batch server was running and a PXRQ instruction was executed by manual control within Log x5000 software, the controller could have lost communication. The recovery method was to cycle power to the controller. Lgx00058151
	15.4	An Attempt to Abort a Phase Request (PXRQ) caused all PXRQ's not to function.	If the abort bit was set in a PXRQ instruction with the IP or WA bit set, all remaining PXRQ instructions in the phase would stop operating correctly. Recovery from this situation required that you download the program again or to cycle power to the controller.
1756-L55, 1756-L55M12, 1756-L55M13, 1756-L55M14, 1756-L66M16, 1756-L55M22, 1756-L55M23, 1756-L55M24, 1756-L61, 1756-L61, 1756-L62, 1756-L63, 1756-L60M03SE	15.3	Large Write MSG Instructions.	This revision of ControlLogix firmware adds more stringent range checks when reading to or writing from tags. Message packets are now limited to 240 bytes. This could cause some MSG instructions that worked in previous firmware revisions to not work in revision 15 firmware. For example, use a CIP Generic MSG instruction to perform a Get Attribute Single service. The attribute is 4 bytes. Assume the destination tag is an INT data type (2 bytes). In revision 13 firmware, the MSG instruction places the first 2 bytes of the attribute in the destination tag. In revision 15 firmware, the MSG instruction errors because the destination tag is not large enough. To correct this error, change the destination tag to a DINT data type. Lgx00052504

Catalog Number	Firmware Revision	Corrected Anomaly	Description
1756-L55, 1756-L55M12,	15.3	The File Search Compare (FSC)	The FSC instruction caused an non-recoverable fault if both these conditions occurred.
1756-L55M13, 1756-L55M14,		instruction caused a non-recoverable	 A major fault was declared from within the expression of an FSC instruction.
1756-L66M16,		fault.	 The FSC instruction caused an non-recoverable fault if both these conditions occurred. A major fault was declared from within the expression of an FSC instruction. The user fault routine cleared the fault. When the user fault routine attempted to recover, information previously saved was not properly restored, which resulted in corrupted system registers and a non-recoverable fault. Lgx00055522 If you programmatically reset the DN or ER bits of a MSC instruction due to the asynchronous nature of the MSG, the MSG could appear to remain active (EN set). In fact, the MSG instruction was not active. The MSG instruction required manual intervention to trigger it to execute again. Revision 15 removes the need for manual intervention to trigger the MSG to execute again.
1756-L55M22, 1756-L55M23, 1756-L55M24,			was not properly restored, which resulted in corrupted system registers and a
1756-L61, 1756-L62,			Lgx00055522
1756-L63, 1756-L60M03SE	15.3	Programmatic change of MSG status bits could cause the MSG to appear to remain	asynchronous nature of the MSG, the MSG could appear to remain active (EN set). In fact, the MSG instruction was not active. The MSG instruction required manual intervention to trigger it to execute again. Revision 15 removes the
		active (EN Set).	Lgx00053112
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Catalog Number	Firmware Revision	Corrected Anomaly	Description
1756-L55, 1756-L55M12, 1756-L55M13, 1756-L55M14, 1756-L55M22, 1756-L55M23, 1756-L55M24, 1756-L61, 1756-L61, 1756-L63, 1756-L60M03SE			If you had an SFC instruction with nested simultaneous branches, the controller could begin execution at an unexpected step. Following the convergence of a nested simultaneous branch, if the SFC instruction looped back to the initial step of the parent branch, instead of executing that step, the SFC instruction could jump to a step of another path in the nested simultaneous branch.
•			step_(Step_001), the active steps were actually Step_005 , Step_002 and Step_003. Lgx00054247

Enhancements

The following catalog numbers and corresponding firmware revision added this enhancement.

Catalog Number	Firmware Revision	Enhancement	Description
1756-L55, 1756-L55M12, 1756-L55M13, 1756-L55M14,	1756-L55M12, 1756-L55M13,	Update the firmware of SERCOS drives over your	This revision lets you use ControlFlash software to update the firmware of your SERCOS drives over the SERCOS network. You don't need to connect a separate cable to the drives.
1756-L66M16,		SERCOS	Select the device to update and click OK
			Select the device to update and click OK Autobrowse Termstein Bit Browsing - node 52 not found Autobrowse Termstein District Click OK Backgettriat Ethernet District Click OK Backgettriat District Click OK District Click OK District Click OK Backgettriat District Click OK District Click OK District Click OK District Click OK Operation District Click OK Vour SERCOS drives must be at this revision or later to update them over the SERCOS network: District Click OK District Click OK I 1394 drive, rev 1.85 Bit Click OK District Click OK District Click OK District Click OK I 1394 drive, rev 1.85 Bit Click OK

Catalog Number	Firmware Revision	Enhancement	Description		
1756-L55, 1756-L55M12, 1756-L55M13, 1756-L55M14, 1756-L66M16, 1756-L55M22, 1756-L55M23,	15.3	PhaseManager provides a state model.	 The PhaseManager option provides a state model for your equipment. It includes: equipment phase to run the state model. PHASE data type. equipment phase instructions (relay ladder and structured text only). 		
1756-L55M24,			If You Want To	Use This Instruction	
1756-L61, 1756-L62, 1756-L63,			Signal a phase that the state routine is complete so go to the next state	Equipment Phase State Complete (PSC)	
1756-L60M03SE			Change the state or substate of a phase	Equipment Phase Command (PCMD)	
			Signal a failure for a phase	Equipment Phase Failure (PFL)	
			Clear the failure code of a phase	Equipment Phase Clear Failure (PCLF)	
			Initiate communication with RSBizWare Batch software	Equipment Phase External Request (PXRQ)	
			Clear the NewInputParameters bit of a phase	Equipment Phase New Parameters (PRNP)	
			Set up breakpoints within the logic of a phase	Equipment Phase Pause (PPD)	
		*	 Take ownership of a phase to: prevent another program or RSBizWare Batch software from commanding a phase make sure another program or RSBizWare Batch software does not already own a phase 	Attach to Equipment Phase (PATT)	
			Relinquish ownership of a phase	Detach from Equipment Phase (PDET)	
	.7		Override a command	Equipment Phase Override Command (POVR)	
		In a ControlLogix system, at runtime, you	D modules to a ControlLogix controller.		

Catalog Number	Firmware Revision	Enhancement	Description			
1756-L55, 1756-L55M12,	15.3	New Motion Termination	The Motion Coordinated Linear Move (MCLM) and Motion Coordinated Circular Move (MCCM) instructions have 2 new termination types.			
1756-L55M13, 1756-L55M14,		Types	Termination Type	e Description		
1756-L66M16, 1756-L55M22, 1756-L55M23, 1756-L55M24, 1756-L61, 1756-L62, 1756-L62,			4 - Follow Contour Velocity Constrain	51 5		
1756-L60M03SE			5 - Follow Contour Velocity Unconstrained	 This termination type is similar to the contour velocity constrained. It has these differences: Use this termination type to get a triangular velocity profile across several moves. This reduces jerk. You must calculate the acceleration for the triangular velocity profile. You must also calculate the starting speed for each move in the deceleration half of the profile. 		
			can't store th constant of t Suppose yo – maxim in. – maxim -1023	w have a conrevision constant of 2,097,152 counts/in. In that case: um positive position = 2,147,483,647 / 2,097,152 counts/in. = 1023 um negative position = -2,147,483,648 / 2,097,152 counts/in. =		
		` •	position rar	•		
	•		Example	Description		
	, ma		1	Suppose you make equipment that has between 8 and 12 axes, in that case, set up one project for all 12 axes. Inhibit those axes that you did not purchase.		
			2	Suppose you have 2 production lines that use the same SERCOS ring. And suppose one of the lines gets a fault. In that case, inhibit the axes on that line. This lets you run the other line while you take care of the fault.		
				ction block diagram instructions, DeltaT for periodic timing in a ic task now includes fractional values.		

Restrictions	Any ControlLogix con restrictions.	trollers using firn	nware revision 15.3 have these	
Restriction	Description			
In a tag of a user-defined data type, an instruction may write past the end of an array. Example 1: Instruction Stops at the End of the Array	If you write too much data instructions write beyond COP Copy File Source MyTag_1[0] Dest MyTag_2[0] Length 10	the array and into oth If the	ithin a user-defined data type, some her members of the tag. e length is greater than the number ements in the destination array	
Example 2: Instruction Writes		Show: Sh Type DINT[5] DINT DINT DINT DINT DINT DINT DINT DINT	the instruction stops at the end of the array.	
Beyond the Array	MyTag_2.A + MyTag_2.A + MyTag_2.B + MyTag_2.C		ements in the destination array	
	The following instructions	write beyond the arr	ay into other members of the tag:	
<u>_</u> ?`	BSL	FBC	LFL	
	BSR	FFL	LFU	
	COP	FFU	SQL	
	CPS	FLL	SRT	
	DDT	GSV	SSV	
	This restriction also applie	es to all previous revi	sions.	
	T			

To prevent writing beyond the limits of the destination array, make sure the length operand of the instruction is less than or equal to the number of elements in the array.

Lgx00033747

Restriction	Description
In circular center programming mode, a Motion Coordinated Circular Move (MCCM) instruction may fail to reach the specified end point of a 180 degree Arc if the circle center is programmed incorrectly.	If you configure a Motion Coordinated Circular Move (MCCM) instruction as shown below, the instruction may not produce a move to the specified end points. MCCM Motion Coordinated Circular Move Coordinate System CSXY Motion Control Move Type Position X 0 Position X 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	Y 0.0 Circle Type 1 Via/Center/Radius Center_left[0,0] Direction 0 Speed C_speed 0.0 0 To work around this restriction, enter the correct circle center.
	Lgx00044813
Blended path contour may deviate beyond the confines of the programmed path.	In some very unique circumstances, when either changing velocity profile types or having drastically different acceleration and/or deceleration values on the two moves comprising a blended contour, the resultant blended path contour may deviate beyond the confines of the programmed path.
	Lgx00045400
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	revision 15.3.
estriction	Description
756-L55M16 controllers, guidelines for nemory use.	You cannot download a project that has very large routines and/or that has more than 3.5 Mbytes of tags to a 1756-L55M16 controller. During the download, RSLogix 5000 software indicates that the controller is out of memory. (While online, you may be able to create a large routine, but once offline you will be unable to download the project.)
	To avoid using too much memory:
	 limit the number of rungs in a routine to less than 2500. (Use a series of smaller routines.)
	 if you are entering a large number of rungs in a routine, do this offline.
	 periodically download the project as you enter rungs. If the project successfully downloads, then your routines are within limits.
	• use the Memory tab of the Controller Properties window to check memory use.
Major Faults Minor Faults Date/Time File Redundancy Nor Memory Option: 1756-L55 M16 Image: Constraint of the second s	tem Protocol User Protocol Advanced SFC Execution involatile Memory Memory* In general, the data and logic memory represents the 3.5M byte limit for tags. stimated Data and Logic Memory Total: 3.702.764 bytes Free: 3.702.768 bytes Used: 16 bytes Max Used: 22.712 bytes Argest Block Free: 796,488 bytes Reset All Max For a detailed description of how the controller organizes its memory, see Logix5000 Controllers Common Procedures, publication

An additional restriction exists for the 1756-L55M16 controller using firmware revision 15.3.

Additional Memory Requirements

Revision 15.0 or later may require more memory than previous revisions (For example: 10.x, 11.x). To estimate the additional memory that your project may require, use the following table.

If You Have This Firmware Revision	Then Add the Following Memory Requirements To Your Project			Which Comes from This Type of Memory	
(add all that apply)	Component	Increase Per Instance	I/O (base)	Data and Logic (expansion)	
15. <i>x</i> or earlier	Tag that uses the COORDINATE SYSTEM data type	60 bytes		4	
	Tag that uses any AXIS data type	4 bytes		4	
13. <i>x</i> or earlier	Program	12 bytes		4	
	Task	4 bytes		4	
	User-defined data type	4 bytes		4	
	I/O module	16 bytes	4	4	
			(8 bytes)	(8 bytes)	
	Produced or consumed tag	8 bytes	4		
12.x or earlier	I/O module with a comm format = Rack Optimization	90 bytes		4	
	I/O module with a comm format = something other than Rack Optimization (such as a direct connection)	144 bytes		4	
	CompactLogix 1769 I/O module	170 bytes		4	
	Bridge module with a comm format = None	160 bytes		4	
	Bridge module with a comm format - Rack Optimization	220 bytes		4	
11.x or earlier	 User-defined data type: Number of user-defined data types in the controller organizer > Data Types folder > User-Defined folder 	128 bytes		4	
	 Not the use of that data type in tags Indirect address (using a tag as the subscript for an array in an instruction, such as an Array_A[Tag_B]). This memory change applies only if the array: uses a structure as its data type. does not use one of these data types: CONTROL, COUNTER, PID, or TIMER. has only one dimension (such as UDT_1[5]). 	(-60 bytes)		4	
10. <i>x</i> or earlier	Program	12 bytes		4	
	Routine	16 bytes		4	
9.x or earlier	Tag that uses the MESSAGE data type	376 bytes		4	

Estimating Additional Memory Requirements

If You Have This Firmware Revision	Then Add the Following Memory Requirements To Your Project				Which Comes from This Type of Memory	
(add all that apply)	Component			Increase Per Instance	I/O (base)	Data and Logic (expansion)
7.x or earlier	Project			1050 bytes	4	
	Тад	0.55 bytes		4		
	Message that transfers more than 500 bytes of data and targets a controller in the same chassis. This memory is allocated only when the MSG instruction is enabled. To estimate, count the number of these messages that are enabled and/or cached at one time.			2000 bytes	4	
6.x or earlier	Base Tag			24 bytes	*	4
	Alias Tag		16 bytes	7	4	
	Produced or	Data type	Bytes per tag	5		
	Consumed tag	DINT	4	12 bytes	4	
		REAL	4	12 bytes	4	
				3 x bytes per tag	4	
				3 x bytes per tag		
6. <i>X</i>	Routine		6	68 bytes		4
5.x or earlier	Routine		0.9	116 bytes		4

Additional Resources

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Notes:

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Rockwell Automation Support

Rockwell Automation provides technical information on the web to assist you in using its products. At http://support.rockwellautomation.com, you can find technical manuals, a knowledge base of FAQs, technical and application notes, sample code and links to software service packs, and a MySupport feature that you can customize to make the best use of these tools.

For an additional level of technical phone support for installation, configuration, and troubleshooting, we offer TechConnect Support programs. For more information, contact your local distributor or Rockwell Automation representative, or visit http://support.rockwellautomation.com.

Installation Assistance

If you experience a problem with a hardware module within the first 24 hours of installation, please review the information that's contained in this manual. You can also contact a special Customer Support number for initial help in getting your module up and running.

United States	1.440.646.3223 Monday – Friday, 8am – 5pm EST
Outside United States	Please contact your local Rockwell Automation representative for any technical support issues.

New Product Satisfaction Return

Rockwell tests all of its products to ensure that they are fully operational when shipped from the manufacturing facility. However, if your product is not functioning, it may need to be returned.

United States	Contact your distributor. You must provide a Customer Support case number (see phone number above to obtain one) to your distributor in order to complete the return process.
Outside United States	Please contact your local Rockwell Automation representative for return procedure.

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